LETTER

Mr. 70HN CLARK,

7

LETTER

OT

MILTOHN GLARK

BOOKSELLER.

LETTER

TO

Mr. JOHN CLARK, Book feller;

UPON HIS

Printing on both Sides in the present Debates among the Dissenting Ministers.



LONDON:

Printed for T. Cox, at the Amsterdam Coffee-House, near the Royal Exchange, 1719. Price 3d.

698.2 10

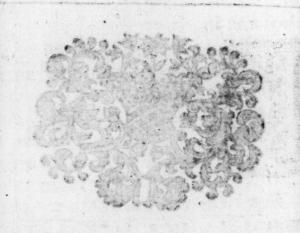
ETTER

0 1

Mr. JOHN CLARK, Bookfeller;

UPON HIS

Printing on both Sides in the profent Debates among the Difference Ministers.



LONDON:

Printed for T. Cov. at the Australian in the Royal Exchange, 1719, Price 3d.



R Hon Inches the Carry one story to the Story to Reform The There are then Reform the Reformance their story of the Reformance their safe front out of the

Mr. John Clark, &c.

Mr. CLARKY Dov stolled , walls to



Have often heard you described as a Man with two Faces, and as one that would do any thing for Money. But this I look'd upon as owing to the spire and malice

the High Church Booksellers, who ere enraged at your printing so much, and so well, for the Dissenters: Or else, concluded the Aspersions cast upon you will come from some of your own sore, to had a Quarrel with you for getting the Trade from them: Whereas now I

A 2 find,

find, you can appear with your two Faces to all the World: And whilst your old Friends are beginning to lash one another, tis you that deal out the Scandal on Both Sides. You seem to me in what you are now doing just like some pitiful Attornies I have heard of, that carry one Story to one Person, and another Story to another Person, till they have set them together by the Ears; and then, if they can but make their own Prosit out of the Quarrel, they care not how bigh it rises,

nor how long it continues.

I would advise you to pause a little, and to place your self either to one Side or t'other, before you publish any more. For take this hint from an unknown Hand, that before this Controverse be ended, either those who have sat up a new Test and Subscription, will lose their Interest and Instruence; or there will be a frank and open Declaration for those things that are imposed by Law, rather than for any thing required and demanded by a few bot unauthorised Men. And then you will certainly be abandon'd by one or t'other; and had you not better cast off others, than they cast off you?

Perhaps if you should resolve to print on neither Side for a while, such Politica

migh

old

ier.

oth

are

07-

ito-

to

em

ley

he

es,

le,

de

might make you an amends bereafter. For then you might observe which would become the prevailing Party, and so might make your choice at once for the profitable Side.

However, if you should go on to print every thing that may turn the Penny; let me beg of you that you will take care to know, and be able to produce your Authors. I speak this, because it is suspected you have made up a Paper, out of feveral things you had got Copies of, from your own Hand, or from some insufficient Direction: And this you have printed under the Title of a true Relation of some Proceedings at SALTER'S-HALL, by those MINISTERS who sign'd the FIRST ARTICLE of the Church of England, and the ANSWERS to the fifth and fixth Questions in the AssEM-BLIES shorter Catechism, March 3. 1719. viz. Title as could not furely.

I. Their DECLARATION of their Faith in the Doctrine of the Bleffed TRINITY, as revealed in the Holy Scriptures.

II. ADVICES for Peace, with the LETTER accompanying.

a Pamphlet which is called, as true Kela-

in Answer to these ADVICES.

I tell you, Mr. Clark, it looks as if you had from your own Hand contrived, and ordered the Printing of this Paper, having procured Copies of the feveral things you mention in your Title. This Sufpicion is founded upon fuch Reafons as I thall now offer, and then leave the World to judge of you as they pleafe. But I imagine that whoever reads the following Pages will fo far fall in with me, as not to think it likely, that the Body of those Ministers whose Names you have publish'd, should be chargeable with so many Blunders, and with things that for highly reflect upon themselves, as are in those Papers, taking them in the manner you have laid them together.

There is such a Blunder in the very Title, as could not, surely, have escaped the Eye of any one of that learned Company. Your Title runs thus, A True Relation of some Proceedings at SALTER's-HALL, &c. viz. 1. The Declaration. II. The Advices. III. The Letter from Exon in Answer to these Advices. This Letter, it seems, must constitute the third Part of a Pamphlet which is called, a true Rela-

tion

tion of some Proceedings at Salters-Hall. That is, (pray Mr. Clark observe) a Letter from Exon makes up a great part of the Proceedings at Salters-Hall. Certainly this must be some Blunder of yours, not of any of those Accurate Gentlemen whose Names you have made use of. Had they been the Directors or Scribes, I am perswaded they would have put the Title thus;

A True Relation of some Proceedings at Salters-Hall, by those Ministers who sign'd, &c. viz.

I. A DECLARATION of their Faith, &c.

H. ADVICES for Peace, with the LETTER accompanying.

To which is added, a LETTER from Exon, in Answer to those Advices.

Really, Mr. Clark, you should take eare not to blunder thus in your Titles, for your own Sake: But in this case you should have taken care also, for the take of those venerable Persons, whose Proceedings you publish. For those who do not apprehend your Blunder, are apt to make very odd Reslections. They say, that

that the managements at Exan have been truly under the Direction and Influence of some at Salters-Hall: And that they know not, but the Proceedings at Salters. Hall were fo contriv'd by the Faith-Subscribers, that what was done at Exeter, and among these their Advisers might exactly agree, in order to produce fuch a Letter: And therefore, tho' it came from Exon, yet is properly enough printed as part of a True Relation of SOME Proceedings at Salters-Hall. Pray, Mr. Clark, take a little better Advice, when you collect Things to make a Penny of, and don't ferve your Friends at this rate.

Several Blunders you have made in the PREFACE, which therefore would make one further conclude, 'tis of your own, or some Bookseller's drawing up. You say, The World needs not now be told, what Contentions have been in Exeter about the Doctrine of the Blessed TRINITY. I confess you have told the World something on both Sides, in what you have printed about Exeter: But yet the World does need to be told, more distinctly, what those Contentions have been about. They have not been, if I am rightly inform'd, about the Da-Etrine

11

In

drine of the Trinity, as you lump the matter; but about the Manner of declaring their Faith in the Trinity. The Ministers now ejected, and those who adhere to them, offering to subscribe any Declaration in the Words of Scripture, tho' they refus'd to give way to an "intemperate Zeal, which would make " the Diffenters themselves abandon their " Plea for Liberty, and attempt to fet up "an INQUISITION." This, you yourself have just printed, in the Preface to Mr. Peirce's Sermon: And therefore I wonder you could put the Cafe in fuch an undistinguishing blundering manner, as if the World was fatisfied, that the Contentions at Exeter were about the Belief or Non-Belief of the Doctrine of the Trinity itself. 'Tis true, the World is too much carried away with wrong Apprehensions; but do you mean to encourage all that is wrong faid and thought in the World, to the Injury of your old Friends, that you fay the World needs no further to be told how Things are?

I tell you, the World does need to be inform'd, that Ministers are ejected, Reputations bespatter'd, and many are like to be worsted in their Livelihood and Income, by Jealousy and Suspicion. That

no Accusation of the Crimes for which they are treated so ill, has ever been drawn up, or prov'd against them. The World does need to be told some things, which it shall be told in a little time, if your Trade go on to support and vindicate Diffenting Inquisitions. Mr. Peirce is too well acquainted with the History of Inquisitions to call the Managements at Exeter by that Name, if he had not what would abundantly make good the Charge.

You further say, The World needs not be told what Influence they [the Contentions in Exeter] have had upon the Peace and Union so long enjoy'd among Dissenters. This must be your way of speaking, Mr. Clark; for a Man of Skill in Language would never have confounded thus the Ideas of Influence and Opposition. What Influence they have had!——What Devastation, what utter Destruction, you should have said, they have occasion'd of the very Foundations of Peace and Union.

Then you add; A matter the more to be lamented, by how much there seems of Dissiculty in finding out Means to heal them; [Contentions.] I have often heard, and read of healing Divisions that

are

h

n

e

s,

3

t

e

E

15

n' d

1

e

of

n

It.

are made by Contentions; but I never read of healing Contentions before. And certain it is, the Contentions must cease, and be entirely done away, before there can be any bealing of the Breaches and Divisions themselves. But it should feem by your way of Writing, that whatever Mischief has been done, it would not require so much to be lamented, if it could be cured. Let me tell you, the Guilt of those who have acted so as to raise and cherist these Contentions, will not be the less as to themselves, nor the Spirit and Temper one whit the less lamentable in the esteem of others, tho wife Providence should prevent the future mischievous Consequences of what is now done. I cannot, therefore, forbear imputing fuch a way of Writing as this, to a Bookfeller, rather than to a Scholar or a Divine.

Especially when I go on to observe, that upon your mentioning Exeter, and the Contentions there, you presently subjoyn, The Brethren on one Side have published their Account, together with the leasons of not subscribing, &c. Who can apply this according to the regular way with the Brethren on the Side at Exeter? For there is not so in which

much as the mention of any else: And yet those who know of the Account printed in London apprehend you mean that. This is like a hasty Bookseller, that wants to get a thing done quickly, that he may make the most of it. When you thus speak of the Brethren at London and Exerts without distinguishing, it must be imputed to Haste and Blunder; since it is well known the Account publish'd at London was done in no Concert with Exercs, nor occasion'd by any Correspondence from thence, as the Declaration and Advices you have now tackt together plainly were.

After this, you write in the Plural Number, we and we; as if you had some Letter before you from the Subscribers, or some Account under their hands, of what they are about to do: And it seems they bepe to act with such Temper and Moderation as becomes their function: that is, to vindicate and encourage People every where, (so far as they have interest and Power) to serve their Ministers as the People have done theirs a Exercity make them declare and subscribe or else brand them, eject them; say all that their Suspicions can offer, and then

meride at Exerci & For there is not lo

Mount

treat them according to those unchristian,

unmanly Sufpicions.

bn

mt

an

lat

lat

ou

an

it

r;

b-

rt

12

ai

kt

16

But to come to the Things themselves you have publish'd; methinks I plainly fee the Bookfeller's management in the whole. Who, but a Bookfeller, would have gone to print the very fame List of Names twice over as you have done? Would not the Article and the Answers have stood as well together, with the Names of the Subscribers set to Both? If any should have figned the First Article of the Church of England, without paying the SAME REGARD to the Answers in the Assemblies Catechism, one Line at the End of your List would have ferv'd to point out who those were: And it could not require more than one Line, as matters now stand, to inform the World, that the same Persons subforib'd both. But what should you do! there must be Three Half-Sheets, and the Price must be Three-pence. One would think you laid a mighty Stress upon those Names, and thought they would do mighty Things, to fill up for many Pages, and to make fuch a Shore with them. And yet again, besides that Trick of a Bookfeller last mention'd, you have shewn your Art in another Trick,

would have inform'd you better.

The next thing I shall remark, is, that you appear to be under some Mistake, of to have had some wrong Copy before you, in the Names you have put to the End of the Letter sent to Exeter. I have heard that the Reverend Mr. Tong, and Mr. Robinson were among the principal Correspondents of those who have manag'd the Exeter Affairs: Are you sure you are right in leaving out both their Names in the Letter that accompanied the Advices? If you should be right in

into their Counsels and Debates, they

this, yet furely you must be mistaken in putting down the Names of fo many Independents and Baptists: For 'tis well known the People at Exeter are greatly prejudic'd against both these. John Nefbitt! Tho. Ridgley! Tho. Bradbury! John Afty! John Noble! The. Harrison! to fign a synodical Letter! Surely, Mr. Clark, you are wrong. Mr. Nesbitt would have told you, this is contrary to the main Principle of the Independents: And if you had minded the Case of the ejected Ministers at Exon, which you your felf reprinted, you would have found what little regard the Exeter-managers had to the Anabaptists.

But perhaps you will fay what do I affect to talk at this rate for? If I obferve the Letter writ by the Gentlemen of Exon, in Answer to the Advices, all I have said about those that sent them,

will pass for nothing.

And I must indeed acknowledge, that the Exeter LETTER do's return bearty Thanks to those who had sent such kind and Christian Advices as happened to be conformable to the Sentiment of the ejecting Gentlemen, and to justifie their managements. Let the London-Advisers be

be of what Denomination they will, now their Counsels and their Letter shall be welcome: And now the Exeter men can with comfort reflect on their conduct, (shameful as it is in the case, &c.) when they find themselves supported by such Declarers and Advisers.

Well, Mr. CLARK, your Friends Mr. Peirce and Mr. Hallet, are, by what you have now printed, to be put out of all Hope of a Restoration. They are ejected; and those who have ejected them are supported and comforted in what they

have done.

Thus stands the learned and laborious Mr. Peirce disgraced, — discarded, — and, as far as those men had it in their Power, punished, — for being suspected to be a Heretick: I say suspected, not proved. And this after he had shewn himself one of the most considerable, useful, and peaceable men in the dissenting interest.

AZE BES

抽抽

Thus the Reverend and pious Mr, Hallet is call out, and condemned by his Brethren, after having (as I am informed) for above thirty Years approved himself a faithful Minister. And after he has

has constantly and very frequently (as I have heard) declared against the Ariens, yet he is now reproach'd and treat-

ed as one of them.

What pleasure could it be to you, Mr. Clark, to publish Advices and a LETTER that shall thus conspire to give up your old Friends to such Treatment? Have you printed so many things for Mr. Peirce that have gained you Credit and Reputation, as well as added to your Purse and your Stock, and can you be an Instrument of bis Afflictions at last? Will you spread abroad the wrongful Insinuations of his denying the Deity of Christ, when you have printed those very things for him in which he so expressly declares himself to the contrary?

I have but one Fault more to find with you, and that is, in your Publication of the Exeteral Etter, and then I hall conclude mine, viz. That you did not fill up your last Page by putting the Names of the Exon-Managers in Capitals: This I account a Fault, and since you have not so far honour'd them, I'll take

he liberty to do it for you.

Thefe

These are the MEN whose Names are distinguished among the Dissenters (and may they ever stand distinguish'd) for ejecting treo of the most considerable Ministers in the whole Interest; as if they held Opinions which are beretical, when they were neither able to prove them guilty of any Herefie, nor to fix any particular Opinion upon them. These are the ever memorable Names.

JAMES WHITE. BENJAM. BRINLEY. ANTHONY VICARY. SAMUEL MUNCKLEY. FRANCIS LYDSTON. THOMAS JEFFERY, JOHN STEPHENS. JOHN VOWLER. EDM. COCK. MARK BURRIDGE. HENRY WALROND JOHN PYM

And

And thele following are the Reverend MINISTERS, whose Declaration and Ad-vices enabled the aforesaid GENTLEMEN to reflect with Comfort on their Conduct, finding it to agreeable to the Sentiments of fuch wife and judicious Men.

William Lorimer, S. T. P.

David Rees. Ferem. Smith. Tho. Mitchel. Samuel Pomfret.

1

e

T

th

nd

John Nesbitt. Will. Tong.

Ben. Robinson. Rob. Bragge. Math. Clark. Tho. Reynolds.

Tho. Ridgley. Tho. Bradbury.

John Noble. John Asty. Joseph Hill.

Tho. Harrison. Daniel Wilcox. Edw. Wallin.

John Newman. John Foxon.

fames Ander fon. 7a. Earle.

John Cumming. Tho. Loyd.

Fames Wood. John Killinghall

fames Galloway, George Davy.

John Skepp. 7. Lervis.

John Sladen. Tho. Dewburft.

William Curtis. Isaac Bates.

James Matthews. Mark Key.

Zach. Merril. William Chapman.

John Beaumont. Sam. Harris.

Francis Freeman. Tho. Masters.

Edward

A LETTER to

Edward Ridgway.

Abra. Mulliner.

William Hocker, sen'
William Bushnel.

Stephen Crisp.

Peter Goodwin.

George Burnet.

Harman Hood.

Will. Mc Clatchy.

abu Neferca

Rob. Brocene.

Mersh. Clark.

ba, Rideley. John Noble. John Ally.

our Lexen.

sees Anderfond

Work Kallenghall

The Walter.

. Water Th. Drawer

Ph. Gibbs,
Will. Benson.
John Toms.
Peter Bradbury,
Thom. Charlton.
Henry Francis.
Joseph Tate,
Richard Glover.
Emman. Ellerker.

Sentuel Pomfier.

Will Tone.

Ren. Robinfon.

The Revnolds.

Ibo. darrifon.

Eradburg.

Dave.

How sad would it be, if, in the Turning of the Wheel of Providence, any of these Ministers should come to be serv'd as Mr. Peirce and Mr. Hallet now are! Mark the End of these Things: And let these Names continue upon Record, in perpetuam rei memoriam; as the Author of the Noble Stand has learnedly put it in his Title.

If you are not now convinced, Mr. Clark, that you have done wrong in printing your True Relation, &c. but will still go on to publish on that Side, you may expect to hear further from

Your unknown Friend.

Temple, April 23. 1719. being St. George's Day, a name that speaks for Liberty and Peace.

FINIS.

Mr. John Clark. 21

Hew fad would it be, if, in the Turning of the Wheel of Providence, any of these Ministers should come to be ferv'd as Mr. Peirce and Mr. Haller now are ! Mark the End of thefe Things: And let these Names continue upon Record, in perpetuam rei memorium; as the Author of the Noble Stand has learnedly put it in his Title.

If you are not now convinced, Mr. Clark, that you have done wrong in printing your True Relation, &c. but will still so on to publish on that Side, you may expect to hear further from

Denr unknown Friend.

Temple, April 23. 1719. being St. George's Day, a name that Speaks for Liberty and Peace.